SEP 3 0 2002 BILL LOCKYER, Attorney General 1 of the State of California JEANNE C. WERNER, State Bar No. 93170 2 Deputy Attorney General California Department of Justice 3 1515 Clay Street, 20th Floor 4 P.O. Box 70550 Oakland, CA 94612-0550 Telephone: (510) 622-2226 5 Facsimile: (510) 622-2121 6 7 Attorneys for Complainant BEFORE THE 8 CALIFORNIA BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS 9 STATE OF CALIFORNIA 10 Case No. AC-2001-29 In the Matter of the Accusation Against: 11 STIPULATED SETTLEMENT 12 LIEN D. NGUYEN AND DISCIPLINARY ORDER 4960 East Crescent Drive 13 Anaheim, CA 92807-3630 CPA Certificate No. 50144, and 14 LIEN D. NGUYEN CPA Inc. 15 14180 Brookhurst Street Garden Grove, CA 92843 16 CPA Corporation License No. COR 4774, 17 Respondents. 18 19 IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED by and between the parties to the 20 above-entitled proceedings that the following matters are true: 21 **PARTIES** 22 Carol Sigmann (Complainant) is the Executive Officer of the California 1. 23 Board of Accountancy ("Board"). She brought this action solely in her official capacity 24 and is represented in this matter by Bill Lockyer, Attorney General of the State of California, 25 by Jeanne C. Werner, Deputy Attorney General. 26 LIEN D. NGUYEN (Respondent) and his corporation are represented by 2. 27 Cindy Shapiro, of CHAPMAN GLUCKSMAN & DEAN. 28 Page 1

1	3. On or about March 12, 1988, the Board issued Certified Public Accountant
2	Certificate Number 50144 to Lien D. Nguyen ("Respondent or Respondent Nguyen").
3	The Certified Public Accountant Certificate was in full force and effect at all times relevant
4	to the charges brought herein and is renewed through September 30, 2002. On or about
5	March 7, 2000, the Board issued CPA Corporation License Number COR 4774 to Respondent
6	Lien D. Nguyen's corporation, Lien D. Nguyen CPA Inc. ("Respondent Corporation").
7	The CPA Corporation License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges
8	brought herein and is renewed through March 31, 2004. Respondent Lien D. Nguyen is the sole
9	shareholder of the corporation.
10	<u>JURISDICTION</u>
11	4. Accusation No. AC-2001-29 was filed before the California Board of
12	Accountancy, Department of Consumer Affairs, and is currently pending against Respondent and
13	his accountancy corporation. The Accusation and all other statutorily required documents were

#### ADVISEMENT AND WAIVERS

properly served on Respondent on February 20, 2002. Respondent timely filed Notices of

Defense contesting the Accusation. A copy of Accusation No. AC-2001-29 is attached as

Exhibit A and incorporated herein by reference.

- Respondent has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and 5. understands the charges and allegations in Accusation No. AC-2001-29. Respondent has also carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the effects of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order.
- Respondent is fully aware of his legal rights in this matter, including the right to a hearing on the charges and allegations in the Accusation; the right to confront and cross-examine the witnesses against him; the right to present evidence and to testify on his own behalf; the right to the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents; the right to reconsideration and court review of an adverse decision;

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<sup>1.</sup> The term "respondent" as used herein will usually refer to the individual respondent, Lien D. Nguyen, although his corporate license is also named as a respondent in this action.

#### CONTINGENCY

This stipulation shall be subject to approval by the California Board of 11. Accountancy. Respondent understands and agrees that counsel for Complainant and the staff of the Board may communicate directly with the Board regarding this stipulation and settlement, without notice to or participation by Respondent. By signing the stipulation, Respondent

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understands and agrees that he may not withdraw his agreement or seek to rescind the stipulation prior to the time the Board considers and acts upon it. If the Board fails to adopt this stipulation as its Decision and Order, the Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order shall be of no force or effect, except for this paragraph, it shall be inadmissible in any legal action between the parties, and the Board shall not be disqualified from further action by having considered this matter.

- 12. The parties understand and agree that facsimile copies of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order, including facsimile signatures thereto, shall have the same force and effect as the originals.
- 13. In consideration of the foregoing admissions and stipulations, the parties agree that the Board may, without further notice or formal proceeding, issue and enter the following Disciplinary Order:

# **DISCIPLINARY ORDER**

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Certified Public Accountant Certificate Number 50144 and CPA Corporation License Number COR 4774, issued to Respondent LIEN D. NGUYEN, are revoked. However, the revocations are stayed, Respondent and his corporation are permanently barred from performing audit, review, or compilation engagements, and Respondent's licenses are placed on probation for three (3) years on the following terms and conditions:

- 1. **Restricted Practice.** Respondent shall be permanently prohibited from performing audit, review, or compilation engagements under either of his licenses issued by the Board.
- 2. **Obey All Laws.** Respondent shall obey all federal, California, other states' and local laws, including those rules relating to the practice of public accountancy in California.
- 3. **Submit Written Reports.** Respondent shall submit, within ten (10) days of completion of the quarter, written reports to the Board on a form obtained from the Board. The Respondent shall submit, under penalty of perjury, such other written reports, declarations,

to Respondent's compliance with all the terms and conditions of probation. Respondent shall immediately execute all release of information forms as may be required by the Board or its representatives.

4. Personal Appearances. Respondent shall, during the period of probation,

and verification of actions as are required. These declarations shall contain statements relative

- 4. **Personal Appearances.** Respondent shall, during the period of probation, appear in person at interviews/meetings as directed by the Board or its designated representatives, provided such notification is accomplished in a timely manner.
- 5. **Comply With Probation.** Respondent shall fully comply with the terms and conditions of the probation imposed by the Board and shall cooperate fully with representatives of the California Board of Accountancy in its monitoring and investigation of the Respondent's compliance with probation terms and conditions.
- 6. **Practice Investigation.** Respondent shall be subject to, and shall permit, practice investigation of the Respondent's professional practice. Such a practice investigation shall be conducted by representatives of the Board, provided notification of such review is accomplished in a timely manner. There shall no notice requirement for purposes of monitoring or verifying representations made to the Board or monitoring practice restrictions.
- 7. **Comply With Citations.** Respondent shall comply with all final orders resulting from citations issued by the California Board of Accountancy.
- Respondent should leave California to reside or practice outside this state, Respondent must notify the Board in writing of the dates of departure and return. Periods of non-California residency or practice outside the state shall not apply to reduction of the probationary period, or of any suspension. No obligation imposed herein, including requirements to file written reports, reimburse the Board costs, or make restitution to consumers, shall be suspended or otherwise affected by such periods of out-of-state residency or practice except at the written direction of the Board.
- 9. **Cost Reimbursement.** Respondent shall reimburse the Board \$11,700.00 for its investigation and prosecution costs. The payment shall be made in nine quarterly

1	payments (due with quarterly written reports), the first two payments in the amount of \$2000 and		
2	the remaining seven payments in the amount of \$1100 each, with the final payment being due		
3	approximately six months before probation is scheduled to terminate.		
4	10. Violation of Probation. If Respondent violates probation in any respect,		
5	the Board, after giving Respondent notice and an opportunity to be heard, may revoke probation		
6	and carry out the disciplinary order that was stayed. If an accusation or a petition to revoke		
7	probation is filed against Respondent during probation, the Board shall have continuing		
8	jurisdiction until the matter is final, and the period of probation shall be extended until the matter		
9	is final.		
10	11. Completion of Probation. Upon successful completion of probation,		
11	Respondent's licenses will be fully restored.		
12	<u>ACCEPTANCE</u>		
13	I have carefully read the Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order and have		
14	fully discussed it with my attorney, Cindy Shapiro. I understand the stipulation and the effect it		
15	will have on my Certified Public Accountant Certificate Number 50144 and my CPA		
16	Corporation License Number COR 4774. I enter into this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary		
17	Order voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently, and agree to be bound by the Decision and Order		
18	of the California Board of Accountancy. I further agree that a facsimile copy of this Stipulated		
19	Settlement and Disciplinary Order, including facsimile copies of signatures, may be used with		
20	the same force and effect as the originals.		
21	DATED: Septetaber, 2002. LIEN D. NGUYEN, Respondent		
22	For Himself and Respondent Corporation		
23	I have read and fully discussed with Respondent LIEN D. NGUYEN the terms		
24	and conditions and other matters contained in the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary		
25	Order. I approve its form and content.		
26	DATED: September 33, 2002. CINDY SHAPIRO		
27	Attorney for Respondent		

## **ENDORSEMENT**

The foregoing Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby respectfully submitted for consideration by the California Board of Accountancy of the Department of Consumer Affairs. DATED: 25 October 2022 BILL LOCKYER, Attorney General of the State of California

Deputy Attorney General

Attorneys for Complainant

DOJ Docket Number: 03541-1-10-SF-2001-AD-0687

#### BEFORE THE CALIFORNIA BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the Accusation Against:

Case No. AC-2001-29

LIEN D. NGUYEN 4960 East Crescent Drive Anaheim, CA 92807-3630	DECISION AND ORDER			
CPA Certificate No. 50144, and				
LIEN D. NGUYEN CPA Inc. 14180 Brookhurst Street Garden Grove, CA 92843				
CPA Corporation License No. COR 4774,				
Respondents.				
The attached Stipulated Settlement an	nd Disciplinary Order is hereby adopted			
by the California Board of Accountancy, Department of Consumer Affairs, as its Decision				
in this matter, effective thirty days following the date of service on the parties as set forth below				
It is so ORDERED on November 20	0, 2002.			

For The CALIFORNIA BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS

	.1			
1	BILL LOCKYER, Attorney General of the State of California			
2	JEANNE C. WERNER, State Bar No. 93170			
3	Deputy Attorney General California Department of Justice			
4	1515 Clay Street, 21 <sup>st</sup> Floor Post Office Box 70550			
5	Oakland, CA 94612-0550 Telephone: (510) 622-2226			
6	Facsimile: (510) 622-2121			
7	Attorneys for Complainant			
8	BEFORE THE CALIFORNIA BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY			
9				
10				
11				
12	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. AC-2001-29		
13	LIEN D. NGUYEN 4960 E. Crescent Drive	ACCUSATION		
14	Anaheim, CA 92807-3630			
15	CPA Certificate No. 50144, and			
16	LIEN D. NGUYEN CPA Inc. 14180 Brookhurst Street			
17	Garden Grove, CA 92843			
18	CPA Corporation License No. COR 4774,			
19	Respondents.			
20				
21	Complainant Carol Sigmann, as cause			
22	JURISDICTION, STATUTES AND PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS			
23	1. Carol Sigmann ("Complainant") brings this Accusation solely in her official capacity			
24	as the Executive Officer of the California Board of Accountancy, Department of Consumer			
25	Affairs ("Board").			
26	2. On or about March 12, 1988, the Board issued Certified Public Accountant Certificate			
27	Number 50144 to Lien D. Nguyen ("Respondent or Respondent Nguyen"). The Certified Public			
28	Accountant Certificate was in full force and effect at	all times relevant to the charges brought		

herein and is renewed through September 30, 2002.

- 3. On or about March 7, 2000, the Board of Accountancy issued CPA Corporation License Number COR 4774 to Respondent Lien D. Nguyen's corporation, Lien D. Nguyen CPA Inc. ("Respondent Corporation"). The CPA Corporation License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and is renewed through March 31, 2002. Respondent Lien D. Nguyen is the sole shareholder of the corporation.
- 4. This Accusation is brought before the Board under Section 5100 of the Business and Professions Code ("Code"), which, at all times material herein, has provided that the Board may revoke, suspend or refuse to renew any permit or certificate issued by the Board (including individual and corporate licenses) for unprofessional conduct which includes, but is not limited to, "gross negligence in the practice of public accountancy" [Section 5100(c)] and the willful violation of the Accountancy Act or any rule or regulation promulgated by the Board. [Section 5100(f)].
- 5. Code section 5062 provides that, upon completion of a compilation, review, or audit of financial statements, a licensee shall issue a report which conforms to professional standards.
- 6. Board Rule 58 (Title 16, California Code of Regulations, section 58) provides that licensees engaged in the practice of public accountancy must comply with all applicable professional standards, including but not limited to generally accepted accounting principles and generally accepted auditing standards.
- 7. Pursuant to Code section 118(b), the suspension, expiration, or forfeiture by operation of law of a license issued by the Board shall not, during any period in which it may be renewed, restored, reissued, or reinstated, deprive the Board of its authority to institute or continue a disciplinary proceeding against the licensee upon any ground provided by law or to enter an order suspending or revoking the license or otherwise taking disciplinary action against the licensee on any such ground. Code section 5070.6 provides that an expired permit may be renewed at any time within five years after its expiration upon compliance with certain

<sup>1.</sup> The term "respondent" as used herein will usually refer to the individual respondent, Lien Nguyen, although his corporate license is also named as a respondent in this action.

8. Code section 5107 provides for recovery by the Board of all reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution in specified disciplinary actions, including alleged violations of Code section 5100(c), which costs include, but are not limited to, attorneys' fees. A certified copy of the actual costs, or a good faith estimate of costs signed by the Executive Officer, constitute prima facie evidence of reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution of the case.

9. Standards of practice pertinent to this accusation and the engagements in issue include, without limitation:

A. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards ("GAAS") issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). The ten GAAS (AU §150), which are interrelated, are attached as Exhibit A and are discussed in the Statements on Auditing Standards ("SAS"). The SAS are codified, by "AU" number, in the AICPA's *Codification of Statements on Auditing Standards*. Among the SAS relevant herein (in addition to AU §150 which sets forth the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards and introduces the concepts of "materiality" and "audit risk") are:

AU §210 (Training and Proficiency of the Independent Auditor);

AU §230 (Due Care);

AU §311 (Planning and Supervision);

AU §316 (Responsibility to Detect and Report Errors and Irregularities) and

AU §316.37 (Documentation of the Auditor's Risk Assessment);

AU §319 (Internal Control) and Appendix A (Control Environment Factors);

AU §326 (Evidential Matter);

AU §329 (Analytical Procedures);

AU §333 (Management Representations);

AU §337 (Inquiry of a Client's Lawyer) and AU §9337 (Inquiry of a Client's Lawyer: Interpretation);

AU §339 (Working Papers); and

AU §508 (Auditor's Report).

B. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"), derived from various authoritative sources including, without limitation, Statements of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS or FAS), issued and codified by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB). SFAS are the most authoritative source for GAAP. The statements pertinent herein include, without limitation, SFAS No. 95.

C. Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services ("SSARS"), codified by the AICPA by "AR" number, which apply to the performance of compilation engagements. Pertinent herein is SSARS No. 1 (AR §100).

# FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

#### 1999Audit of Apex Escrow, Inc.

- 10. Respondent was engaged to perform, and did perform, an audit of the financial statements of Apex Escrow, Inc. (Apex) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999. The escrow accounts are the major item on the Apex balance sheet. Approximately \$1.37 million of Apex's total assets (\$1.56 million) was "cash in bank and trust account." The escrow trust account liabilities were \$1,344,287.
- 11. This was the third period for which respondent audited Apex's financial statements.<sup>2</sup> Respondent Nguyen's auditor's report on the audit of the 1999 financial statements is dated April 14, 2000. In this report, respondent stated that the financial statements were presented fairly in all material respects, in conformity with GAAP, and that the audit was conducted in accordance with GAAS.
- 12. Respondents' licenses are subject to disciplinary action under Code section 5100(c) for unprofessional conduct in that Respondent Nguyen performed this audit of financial statements in a grossly negligent manner as alleged herein.

# First Standard of Fieldwork - Planning

13. The first standard of fieldwork requires adequate planning and proper supervision (See AU §150.) The audit contained extreme departures from GAAS requirements for planning

<sup>2.</sup> This audit of Apex's financial statements may be referenced herein by the term "audit."

an audit, including but not limited to Respondent Nguyen's failure to:

- A. Obtain a level of knowledge of the client and its industry, or to consider the nature, extent, and timing of work to be performed. [See esp. AU §§311.03-.10 and 329.]
- B. Perform and document adequate planning or procedures to identify or understand the objective of the audit, the scope of the audit to be completed, or his anticipated reliance on internal controls. [See esp. AU §§311.03 and 339.05.]
- C. Prepare a written audit program or comparable documentation describing the specific areas to be tested and audit procedures to be applied. [See esp. AU §311.05.]
- D. Assess the level of control risk, make a preliminary judgment about materiality levels for audit purposes, and consider the risk of material error or fraud or the existence of related party transactions. [See esp. AU §§311 and 316.]

#### Second Standard of Fieldwork - Internal Controls

- 14. The second standard of fieldwork requires that the auditor obtain a sufficient understanding of internal control to plan the audit and to determine the nature, timing, and extent of tests to be performed. (See AU §§150.) The audit contained extreme departures from GAAS requirements with respect to Respondent Nguyen's understanding of the elements of internal control, his evaluation of the internal control structure, and his assessment of the level of control risk, including but not limited to the following:
- A. Respondent failed to obtain an understanding of internal control sufficient to plan the audit. Specifically, he failed to obtain a sufficient understanding of the elements of Apex's internal control structure (the control environment, risk assessment, control activities, information and communication, and monitoring) to properly plan the audits; he performed no procedures to understand the design of relevant controls, nor to evaluate whether controls had been placed in operation. (See AU §319.)
- B. There is no documentation of respondent's understanding and consideration of the elements of internal control. These failures include his failure to document that a sufficient understanding of the elements of Apex's internal control structure was obtained to properly plan the audits; and his failure to document that he met his responsibility to assess the level of control

risk in determining the nature, timing, and extent of substantive tests for financial statement assertions. There is no documentation of any conclusions, nor of any basis for conclusions, regarding such a risk assessment. (See AU §§150, 319, and 339.05).

## Third Standard of Fieldwork - Evidential Matter

15. The third standard of fieldwork requires that the auditor obtain sufficient competent evidential matter, through inspection, observation, inquiries, and confirmations, to afford a reasonable basis for an opinion regarding the financial statements under audit. The auditor is required to evaluate the combined evidence provided by the confirmations and alternative procedures to determine whether sufficient evidence has been obtained about all applicable financial statement assertions. The working papers must document the audit evidence obtained, the auditing procedures applied, and the testing performed in order to meet the requirement that the auditor's opinion is reasonably based upon sufficient competent evidential matter. (See AU §§150; 326; 330.33; 337;339.05; and 9337)

16. Respondent's performance of the Apex audit contained extreme departures from GAAS requirements regarding evidential matter, resulting in his failure to obtain and/or to document sufficient competent evidential matter to support his opinion on the financial statements. Respondent failed to obtain, and to document in his working papers, the audit evidence obtained, the auditing procedures applied, and the testing performed to comply with the requirement that sufficient competent evidential matter be gathered and analyzed to afford a reasonable basis for an opinion. For example:

A. <u>Cash in Bank and Trust Account</u>. Cash balances represented nearly 90% of Apex's assets. Respondent used a procedure to purportedly confirm bank balances but the procedure performed was not reasonably related to the purpose of supporting the bank balances reported on Apex's balance sheet. The bank reported, as of December 31, 1999, a negative bank balance of \$ 3,383.00 in the regular bank account and a balance of \$ 2,078,454.00 in the trust account. There is no working paper or other documented explanation prepared by the respondent to reconcile the aggregate of these two balances to the significantly lower amount of \$ 1,374,954 included as "Cash in Bank and Trust Account" on Apex's balance sheet. The respondent failed

to evaluate the evidence obtained from the bank that indicated potential material misstatements in individual bank account balances included in the records of Apex and in the balance sheet of Apex as a whole.

B. Escrow accounts. Of the \$1,374,954 presented as cash on Apex's balance sheet, \$1,344,287 related to the total of escrow trust account liabilities. Respondent requested confirmation of \$428,968 (32%) of the \$1,344,287 escrow liability balance. Respondent, based on his working paper documentation, claims to have confirmed 27 of the 49 escrow account liabilities, totaling \$379,076 (28%) of the escrow account liabilities.

However, the letters sent to the account holders incorrectly requested confirmation of the *deposits* in the escrow accounts rather than confirmation of the *balance* in the escrow accounts. For example, in Account No. 18593, total deposits were \$45,466.67, the amount "confirmed", whereas the account balance at December 31, 1999, noted in respondent's working paper listing was \$5,000. There was no apparent recognition of, nor attempted reconciliation of, this and other discrepancies. Further, when respondent did not receive a response to twenty-two of the confirmation requests, he did not perform alternative procedures to satisfy himself as to the existence and accuracy of the no-reply accounts. The working papers contain no further documentation regarding these accounts.

- C. <u>Trust Accounts</u>. Respondent performed selected confirmations of deposits into trust accounts but the working papers lacked an explanation of the method or purpose for this confirmation procedure and failed to evidence the extent to which the findings related to the financial statement assertions.
- D. Other Financial Statement Items. There was no evidence that respondent applied any audit procedures to the following material financial statement items: fixed assets, accounts payable, income taxes payable, and revenue and expense accounts.
- E. <u>Client Representation Letter and Legal Letter</u>. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards require the auditor to obtain, as of a date on or near the auditor's report date, letters from the client making certain representations about the financial statements as well as a "legal representation letter" addressing the existence or non-existence of legal matters which might

affect financial statements or disclosures. The client representation letter included in the respondent's working papers is a form letter which was not tailored to cover representations regarding Apex financial statements and specific accounts. On the other hand, the letter refers to issues which are not appropriate for Apex (such as inventories and a consolidated balance sheet). The letter is dated March 3, 2000, which significantly precedes the auditor's report date of April 14, 2000. Further, there is no reference in the client representation letter to the supplemental information covered by the auditor's separate report on supplemental information, ignoring the requirement for representations from management regarding the completeness and accuracy of the supplemental information.

With respect to legal matters (in the legal representation letter), the representations are made as of April 10, 2000, the date of the legal letter, but have no reference to the status of such matters as of December 31, 1999, the date of the Apex balance sheet. Thus, there are no legal representations addressing any of the matters required to have been reported as of the balance sheet date.

# First and Third General Standards - Technical Proficiency and Due Professional Care - and the Fourth Standard of Reporting

17. The first general standard requires that an audit be performed by technically proficient auditors with adequate training. The third general standard requires that the auditor exercise due professional care in the performance of the audit and in the preparation of the report. The fourth standard of reporting reiterates requirements regarding the auditor's opinion and report. (See AU §§150.)

18. Respondent's failures, including his lack of technical proficiency and failure to exercise due professional care, are demonstrated by the extreme departures from standards described above. Possessing and exercising adequate technical training and proficiency requires that the auditor study, understand, and apply new pronouncements on accounting principles and auditing procedures as they are developed by authoritative bodies within the accounting profession. Due care imposes a responsibility to observe the standards of field work and reporting, and requires the critical review of the work performed by, and the judgment exercised

by, the auditor.

The audit working papers failed to include documentation showing that the audit evidence obtained, the procedures applied, and the testing performed provided sufficient competent evidential matter to afford a reasonable basis for an opinion on the financial statements (indicating observance of the third standard of field work). In performing procedures and gathering evidential matter, the auditor is to continually maintain an attitude of professional skepticism. When an auditor's report expresses an opinion on the financial statements, the opinion expressed is to be based upon an audit performed in accordance with GAAS. The auditor failed to meet the fourth standard of reporting by expressing an opinion on the financial statements, taken as a whole, based on an audit containing extreme departures from the standards as noted above. Furthermore, the auditor's report uses incorrect and inaccurate language, or is misleading, or both, in that it states the opinion using the plural form "we", leading a reader to conclude that the audit engagement was performed by other than a sole practitioner.

- 19. Respondent failed to obtain and to evaluate evidence in support of the financial statement assertions, and failed to document that evidence. Respondent failed to exercise professional skepticism and to apply the requisite skill and judgment to his performance of the audit engagement. Respondent failed to comply with the third general standard (AU §150.02), which requires the exercise of due professional care in the performance of the audit and in the preparation of the report. (See AU §§150; 210; 230; 316; 326; 339 and 508).
- 20. Incorporating by reference the allegations in paragraph 13 (Planning), paragraph 14 (Internal Controls), paragraphs 15 and 16 (Evidential Matter) and paragraphs 17 through 19 (Proficiency, Due Care, and Reporting) above, respondent's extreme departures from professional standards in each of these significant audit areas constitutes cause for discipline of respondents' licenses for gross negligence under Code section 5100(c).

#### SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

## 1999 Compilation - Glamour Beauty College

21. On or about October 10, 2000, respondent issued a compilation report for Glamour Beauty College ("Glamour compilation") as of December 31, 1999.

22. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code section 5100(c) in that his performance of the Glamour compilation was grossly negligent in that it contained extreme departures from applicable standards. The conduct also violates Code section 5062 and Board rule 58 in conjunction with Code section 5100(f) in that respondent failed to follow professional standards and issue a proper report. The circumstances are as follows:

A. The compilation report fails to meet reporting standards in that SSARS No. 1 (specifically AR §100.14) requires that a report on compiled financial statements state that the report was prepared in accordance with Statements of Standards for Accounting and Review Services.

B. The respondent submitted financial statements without the proper report. He prepared the balance sheet and income statement without a report in June 2000. Then, in response to a request by the client in October 2000, he prepared the compilation report covering only the balance sheet and income statement. Also upon request from the client, respondent added the cash flow statement and disclosures, but did not revise the report for inclusion of the additional items. This conduct violates the requirements of SSARS No. 1 (AR §100.05-.07) which provide that an accountant should not consent to the use of his name in a document containing unaudited financial statements of a nonpublic entity unless he has compiled or reviewed the financial statements and his report accompanies them, or the financial statements are accompanied by an indication that the accountant has not compiled or reviewed the financial statements and that he assumes no responsibility for them.

C. The statement of cash flows is prepared with inappropriate wording in violation of SFAS No. 95, paragraph 26. Cash balances and other amounts do not reconcile to the balance sheet. There was no disclosure of supplemental information for interest and income taxes paid, in violation of SFAS No. 95, paragraph 29.

D. There is an improper reference on the balance sheet and statements of income and cash flows to the "independent auditor's compilation report." This is not an audit engagement, and the reference should be to the "accountant's" compilation report, as provided by SSARS No. 1 (AR §100.16).

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23. Incorporating by reference the allegations in paragraphs 20 and 21, respondents' licenses are subject to discipline under Code section 5100(c) for gross negligence. Respondent is also subject to discipline under Code section 5100(f) for unprofessional conduct in that his compilation engagement contained instances of extreme departures from professional standards for conducting and reporting on compilation engagements, in violation of Code section 5062 and Board Rule 58.

#### **OTHER MATTERS**

- 24. Pursuant to Code section 5107, it is requested that the administrative law judge, as part of the proposed decision in this proceeding, direct respondents to pay to the Board all reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution in this case, including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees.
- 25. It is charged, in aggravation of penalty, that, prior to the misconduct alleged herein, respondent Nguyen was on notice regarding inadequacies in his attest work in that the most recent Peer Review Report of his firm (LIEN D. NGUYEN CPA Inc.), dated in 1992, stated that "...the Firm's quality control policies and procedures for supervision regarding the use of audit programs and the documentation of engagement planning and the Firm's understanding of EDP controls were not appropriately designed to provide the firm with reasonable assurance of conforming with professional standards."

#### **PRAYER**

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Board of Accountancy issue a decision:

- Revoking, suspending, or otherwise imposing discipline on Certified Public
   Accountant Certificate Number 50144 and on Corporation License COR 4774, issued to LIEN
   NGUYEN and LIEN D. NGUYEN CPA Inc.;
- 2. Ordering LIEN D. NGUYEN to pay the Board of Accountancy the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 5107;

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3. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.

DATED: February 7, 2002.

**Executive Officer** 

California Board of Accountancy Department of Consumer Affairs State of California

Complainant